rest in France with Raymond, so that her sons might always be together.

Perhaps some of you knew Gordon White, Sr. He died here just a few years ago, at the age of 95, the last living parent of a soldier who died on D-Day. His boy, Henry, loved his days on the family farm, and was especially fond of a workhorse named Major. Family members recall how Gordon just couldn't let go of Henry's old horse, and he never did. For 25 years after the war, Major was cherished by Gordon White as a last link to his son, and a link to another life.

Upon this beautiful town fell the heaviest share of American losses on D-Dav-19 men from a community of 3,200, four more afterwards. When people come here, it is important to see the town as the monument itself. Here were the images these soldiers carried with them, and the thought of when they were afraid. This is the place they left behind. And here was the life they dreamed of returning to. They did not yearn to be heroes. They yearned for those long summer nights again, and harvest time, and paydays. They wanted to see Mom and Dad again, and hold their sweethearts or wives, or for one young man who lived here, to see that baby girl born while he was away.

Bedford has a special place in our history. But there were neighborhoods like these all over America, from the smallest villages to the greatest cities. Somehow they all produced a generation of young men and women who, on a date certain, gathered and advanced as one, and changed the course of history. Whatever it is about America that has given us such citizens, it is the greatest quality we have, and may it never leave us.

In some ways, modern society is very different from the nation that the men and women of D-Day knew, and it is sometimes fashionable to take a cynical view of the world. But when the calendar reads the 6th of June, such opinions are better left unspoken. No one who has heard and read about the events of D-Day could possibly remain a cynic. Army Private Andy Rooney was there to survey the aftermath. A lifetime later he would write, "If you think the world is selfish and rotten, go to the cemetery at Colleville overlooking Omaha Beach. See what one group of men did for another on D-Day, June 6, 1944."

Fifty-three hundred ships and landing craft; 1,500 tanks; 12,000 airplanes. But in the end, it came down to this: scared and brave kids by the thousands who kept fighting, and kept climbing, and carried out General Eisenhower's order of the day—nothing short of complete victory.

For us, nearly six decades later, the order of the day is gratitude. Today we give thanks for all that was gained on the beaches of Normandy. We remember what was lost, with respect, admiration and love.

The great enemies of that era have vanished. And it is one of history's remarkable turns that so many young men from the new world would cross the sea to help liberate the old. Beyond the peaceful beaches and quiet cemeteries lies a Europe whole and free—a continent of democratic governments and people more free and hopeful than ever before. This freedom and these hopes are what the heroes of D-Day fought and died for. And these, in the end, are the greatest monuments of all to the sacrifices made that day.

When I go to Europe next week, I will reaffirm the ties that bind our nations in a common destiny. These are the ties of friendship and hard experiences. They have seen our nations through a World War and a Cold War. Our shared values and experiences must guide us now in our continued partnership, and in leading the peaceful democratic revolution that continues to this day.

We have learned that when there is conflict in Europe, America is affected, and cannot stand by. We have learned, as well, in the years since the war that America gains when Europe is united and peaceful.

Fifty-seven years ago today, America and the nations of Europe formed a bond that has never been broken. And all of us incurred a debt that can never be repaid. Today, as America dedicates our D-Day Memorial, we pray that our country will always be worthy of the courage that delivered us from evil, and saved the free world.

God bless America. And God bless the World War II generation. (Applause.)

### SENATE QUARTERLY MAIL COSTS

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, in accordance with section 318 of Public Law 101-520 is amended by Public Law 103-283, I have submitted the frank mail allocations made to each Senator from the appropriations for official mail expenses and a summary tabulation of Senate mass mail costs for the fourth quarter of FY 2000 to be printed in the RECORD. The official mail allocations are for franked mail expenses only, and therefore are unrelated to the mass mail expenditure totals. The fourth quarter of FY 2000 covers the period of July 1, 2000 through September 30, 2000. The official mail allocations are available for franked mail costs, as stipulated in Public Law 106-57, the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act

Also, in accordance with section 318 of Public Law 101-520 as amended by Public Law 103-283, I have submitted the frank mail allocations made to each Senator from the appropriations for official mail expenses and a summary tabulation of Senate mass mail costs for the first quarter of FY 2001 to be printed in the RECORD. The official mail allocations are for franked mail expenses only, and therefore are unrelated to the mass mail expenditure totals. The first quarter of FY 2001 covers the period of October 1, 2000 through December 31, 2000. The official mail allocations are available for franked mail costs, as stipulated in Public Law 106-554, the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act of 2001.

Finally, in accordance with section 318 of Public Law 101-520 as amended by Public Law 103-283, I have submitted the frank mail allocations made to each Senator from the appropriations for official mail expenses and a summary tabulation of Senate mass mail costs for the second quarter of FY 2001 to be printed in the RECORD. The official mail allocations are for franked mail expenses only, and therefore are unrelated to the mass mail expenditure totals. The first quarter of FY 2001 covers the period of January 1, 2001 through March 31, 2001. The official mail allocations are available for franked mail costs, as stipulated in Public Law 106-554, the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act of 2001.

I ask unanimous consent that the material be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

	FY2000 of-	Senate quarterly mass mail volumes and costs for the quarter ending 09/30/00								
Senators	ficial mail allocation	Total pieces	Pieces per cap- ita	Total cost	Cost per capita					
Abraham	\$114,766									
Akaka Allard	65,146									
Ashcroft	79,102									
Baucus Bayh	34,375 80,377									
Bennett	42,413									
Biden Bingaman										
Bond	79,102									
Boxer Breaux	305,476 66,941									
Brownback	50,118	45.000	0.00745	\$8,489.91	#0.0070					
Bryan Bunning	43,209 63,969	45,000	0.03/45	\$8,489.91	\$0.00707					
Burns	63,969 34,375	277,250	0.34697	51,069.94	0.06391					
Byrd Campbell	65,146									
Chafee, Lincoln	34,703	228,500	0.22771	38,982.46	0.03885					
Cleland Cochran	51 320									
Collins	38,329			5,168.31						
Conrad Coverdell	31,320 97,682	28,450	0.04454	5,168.31	0.00809					
Craig	36,491									
Crapo Daschle	36,491									
DeWine	131,970	2,200	0.00020	1,748.35	0.00016					
Dodd Domenici	56,424									
Dorgan	31,320									
Durbin Edwards	130,125									
Enzi										
Feingold	74,483									
Feinstein Fitzgerald	130,125									
Frist	78,239									
Gorton Graham										
Gramm	205,051									
Grams Grassley										
Gregg	36,828									
Hagel Harkin	40,964 52,904	656	0.00024	615.98	0.00022					
Hatch	42,413									
Helms Hollings										
Hutchinson	51,203									
Hutchison Ihhofe	58 884									
Inouye	35,277									
leffordslohnson	31,251	147,794	0.26262	24,492.63	0.04352					
Kennedy	82,915			24,492.63 49,572.55						
Kerrey Kerry	40,964									
Kohl	74,483									
Kyl Landrieu	71,855									
Lautenberg	97,508			1,638.80						
Leahy Levin	31,251	5,104	0.00907	1,638.80	0.00291					
Lieberman	56,424									
Lincoln	51,203	375	0.00016	81.76	0.00003					
Lott Lugar	80,377	14,541	0.00262	2,816.87	0.00051					
Mack	185,464									
McCain McConnell	63,969									
Mikulski	73.160									
Miller Moynihan	184,012	294,000	0.01634	53,488.33	0.00297					
WILLIAUWSKI	31,184	10.002	0.00000	2,147.99	0.00044					
Murray Nickles	58,884	10,693	0.00220	2,147.99	U.UUU44					
Reed	34,/03									
Reid Robb	43,209 89 627	45,000	0.03745	7,999.35	0.00666					
Roberts	50,118		0.11000	28,032.95	0.0455					
Rockefeller Roth	43,239 32 277	202,700	0.11302	28,032.95	0.01563					
Santorum	139,016	31,597	0.00266	25,491.53	0.00215					
Sarbanes Schumer	73,160 184 012									
Sessions	68,176	12,904	0.00319	12,026.53	0.00298					
Shelby Smith, Gordon	68,176									
Smith, Robert	36,828									
Snowe Specter	38,329 139.016									
Stevens	31,184									
Thomas	30,044									
Thompson Thurmond	62,273			117,141.16						
Torricelli	97,508	149,235	0.01926	117,141.16	0.01512					
Voinovich										
Warner										
Wellstone										
Warner Wellstone Wyden										

Other offices			Is for the	ass mail to- quarter end-		FY2001 official mail al- location		Senate quarterly mass mail vo costs for the quarter ending				FY2001	Senate quarterly mass mail costs for the quarter ending				
			Total pieces	Total cost	Senators		Total pieces	Pieces per capita	Total cost	Cost per capita	Seliators	official mail al- location	Total pieces	Pieces per capita	Total cost	Cost per capita	
The Vice President						Leahy	31,264					Brownback	49,896				
The President Pro-Te The Majority Leader						Levin Lieberman	114,736 56,517					Bunning Burns	64,242 34,132				
The Minority Leader The Assistant Majori						Lincoln Lott	50,961 51.451					Byrd Campbell	43,197 65,571				
The Assistant Minori Secretary of Majority	ity Leader					Lugar McCain	80,339 72,497					Cantwell Carnahan	60,939 58,958				
Secretary of Minority	/ Conference	e				McConnell	64,242					Carper	24,264				
Agriculture Committ Appropriations Comr	nittee					Mikulski Miller	72,998 98,598					Chafee Cleland	34,653 98,598				
Armed Services Com Banking Committee	ımittee					Murkowski Murray	31,276 81,252					Clinton Cochran	137,537 51,451				
Budget Committee .						Nelson, Bill Nelson, E. Ben-	139,032					Collins Conrad	38,298			43,584.12	
Commerce Committee						jamin	30,519					Corzine	73,236			43,304.12	
Environment Commi Finance Committee						Nickles Reed	57,917 34,653					Craig Crapo	36,535				
Foreign Relations Co Governmental Affair:						Reid Roberts	43,542 49,896					Daschle Dayton					
Health, Education, L Judiciary Committee	abor & Per	nsions				Rockefeller Santorum	43,197 138,787					DeWine	131,841				
Rules Committee						Sarbanes	72,998					Domenici	42,668				
Small Business Com /eterans Affairs Cor	nmittee					Schumer Sessions	183,383 68,026					Dorgan Durbin	31,258 129,845				
thics Committee ndian Affairs Comm	nittoo					Shelby Smith, Gordon	68,026 58,292					Edwards Ensign	104,861 32,656				
ntelligence Committ	tee			150,000	¢175 200 AA	Smith, Robert	36,296					Enzi	30,012				
Aging Committee Joint Economic Com	mittee			,150,000	\$175,368.44	Snowe Specter	38,298 138,787					Feingold Feinstein	74,540 305,332				
Democratic Policy Co Democratic Conferer	ommittee .					Stabenow Stevens	86,052 31,276					Fitzgerald Frist	129,845 78,607				
Republican Policy Co	ommittee .					Thomas	30,012					Graham	185,377		0.00010	#10 #0	0.0000
Republican Conferer Legislative Counsel						Thompson Thurmond	78,607 62,803					Gramm Grassley	206,157 52,627	2,000	0.00012	418.42	0.0000
egal Counsel Secretary of the Sen						Torricelli Voinovich	97,648 131.841					Gregg Hagel	36,926 40.693	184,300	0.11676	36.234.77	0.0229
Segeant at Arms						Warner Wellstone	90,165					Harkin	52,627				
Narcotics Caucus						Wyden						Helms	42,465 104,861				
		Senate o	nuarterly m	nass mail	volumes and							Hollings Hutchinson	62,803 50,961	600	0.00017	130.72	0.00004
	FY2001	costs 1	or the qua	rter endin	g 12/31/00					Committe mail total		Hutchison					
Senators	official mail al-	Total	Pieces		ct Cost per					quarter en	iding 12/	InhofeInouye	35,266				
	location	pieces	per capita	Total co	st capita	0	ther offices			31/	00	Jeffords Johnson	31,264 32,149				
Alcalca	\$2E 2CC		oupitu							Total pieces	Total cost	Kennedy	82,836				
Akaka Allard	\$35,266 65,571									pieces		Kerry Kohl	82,836 74,540				
Allen Baucus	67,623 34,375					The Vice President The President Pro-Tel	mpore					Kyl Landrieu	72,497 67,023				
Bayh	80,339					The Majority Leader						Leahy	31,264			2,076.68	0.00369
Bennett Biden	42,465 32,353					The Assistant Majorit	ty Leader					Levin Lieberman	114,736 56,517			983.44	
Bingaman Bond	42,668 78,611					The Assistant Minorit Secretary of Majority	ty Leader Conference					Lincoln Lott	50,961 51.451	1,225		1,022.07	0.00043
Boxer	305,332					Secretary of Minority Agriculture Committe	Conference					Lugar McCain	80,339 72,497				
Breaux Brownback	67,023 49,896					Appropriations Comm	nittee					McConnell	64,242				
Bunning Burns	64,242 34,132					Armed Services Comp Baking Committee						Mikulski Miller	72,998 98,598	770	0.00016	160.70	0.00003
Byrd Campbell	43,197 65,571					Budget Committee Commerce Committee						Murkowski Murray	31,276 81,252		0.00021	129.87	0.00003
Cantwell	60,939					Energy Committee						Nelson, Bill	139,032			123.07	
Carnahan Carper	58,958 24,264					Environment Commit Finance Committee .	tee					Nelson, E. Ben- jamin	30,519				
Chafee Cleland	34,653 98,598					Foreign Relations Co Governmental Affairs						Nickles Reed	57,917 34,653	11,800	0.01176	2,134.58	0.00213
Clinton	137,537					Judciary Committee .						Reid	43,542				
Cochran Collins	51,451 38,298					Labor Committee Rules Committee						Roberts Rockefeller	49,896 43,197				
Conrad Corzine	31,258 73,236					Small Business Com- Veterans Affairs Com						Santorum Sarbanes	138,787 72,998	3,900	0.00082	788.67	0.00016
Craig	36,535	12,800	0.01271			Ethics Committee Intelligence Committee						Schumer	183,383 68,026				
Crapo Daschle	36,535 32,149					Aging Committee						Sessions Shelby	68,026				
Dayton DeWine	52,182 131,841					Joint Economic Comm Joint Committee on F						Smith, Gordon Smith, Robert	58,292 36,296		0.04152	20,709.62	0.00729
Dodd	56,517					Joint Committee on C Democratic Policy Co	Congress Ind	auguration				Snowe	38,298				
Domenici Dorgan	42,668 31,258	1,204	0.00188			Democratic Conféren	ce					Specter Stabenow	86,052				
Durbin Edwards	129,845 104,861					Republican Policy Co Republican Conferent						Stevens Thomas	31,276 30,012				
Ensign						Legislative Counsel . Legal Counsel						Thompson Thurmond					
Enzi Feingold	74,540					Secretary of the Sena	ate					Torricelli	97,648				
Feinstein Fitzgerald	305,332 129,845					Sergeant at Arms Narcotics Caucus						Voinvich Warner	90,165				
Frist Graham	78,607 185,377					Subcommittee on PO	W/MIA					Wellstone Wyden	69,576 58,292		0.00023	591.72	0.00021
Gramm	206,157	1,300	0.00008	303	84 0.00002			0					30,232	000	0.00023	331.72	0.00021
Grassley Gregg	52,627 36,926						FY2001			ass mail volu irter ending (						Committe	
Hagel Harkin	40,693 52,627					Senators	official mail al-		Pieces							mail total quarter	
Hatch	42,465						location	Total pieces	per	Total cost	Cost per capita	(	Other office:	S		3/31	
Helms Hollings	104,861 62,803							,	capita							Total	Total and
Hutchinson Hutchison	50,961					Akaka Allard	\$35,266 65,571									pieces	Total cost
Inhofe	57,917					Allen	67,623	1 455	0.00100			The Vice President					
Inouye Jeffords	35,266 31,264					Baucus Bayh	34,375 80,339	1,455	0.00182	\$1,183.39	\$0.00148	The President Pro-Te The Majority Leader	empore				
Johnson Kennedy	32,149					Bennett Biden	42,465 32,353					The Minority Leader The Assistant Majori					
Kerry	82,836					Bingaman	42,668					The Assistant Minori	ity Leader .				
Kohl Kyl	74,540 72,497					Bond Boxer	78,611 305,332					Secretary of Majority Secretary of Minority					
Landrieu	67,023					Breaux	67,023					Agriculture Committ	ee				

Other offices	Committee mass mail totals for the quarter ending 3/31/01				
	Total pieces	Total cost			
Appropriations CommitteeArmed Services Committee					
Armed Services Committee					
Banking Committee					
Budget Committee					
Commerce Committee					
Energy Committee					
Environment Committee					
Finance Committee					
Foreign Relations Committee					
Governmental Affairs Committee					
Judiciary Committee					
Labor Committee					
Rules Committee					
Small Business Committee					
Veterans Affairs Committee					
Ethics Committee					
Intelligence Committee					
Aging Committee					
Joint Economic Committee					
Joint Committee on Printing					
Joint Committee on Congress Inauguration					
Democratic Policy Committee					
Democratic Conference					
Republican Policy Committee					
Republican Conference					
Legislative Counsel					
Legal Counsel					
Secretary of the Senate					
Sergeant at Arms					
Narcotics Caucus					
Subcommittee on POW/MIA					

### LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 2001

Mr. SMITH of Oregon. Mr. President, I rise today to speak about hate crimes legislation I introduced with Senator Kennedy last month. The Local law Enforcement Act of 2001 would add new categories to current hate crimes legislation sending a signal that violence of any kind is unacceptable in our society.

I would like to describe a terrible crime that occurred May 23, 2000 in Salt Lake City, Utah. A 19-year-old woman working for the Southern Utah Wilderness Alliance was beaten and robbed because her attackers presumed she was a lesbian. The woman was taking opinion polls when a male attacker in his 20s—one of two white men with shaved heads—allegedly came running up behind her, punched her in the face, knocking her down. The woman said the suspect then kicked her in the face while he yelled "dyke" and "queer."

I believe that government's first duty is to defend its citizens, to defend them against the harms that come out of hate. The Local Law Enforcement Enhancement Act of 2001 is now a symbol that can become substance. I believe that by passing this legislation, we can change hearts and minds as well.

## THE VERY BAD DEBT BOXSCORE

Mr. HELMS. Mr. President, at the close of business yesterday, Tuesday, June 5, 2001, the Federal debt stood at \$5,671,991,683,864.65, five trillion, six hundred seventy-one billion, nine hundred ninety-one million, six hundred eighty-three thousand, eight hundred sixty-four dollars and sixty-five cents.

One year ago, June 5, 2000, the Federal debt stood at \$5,642,402,000,000, five trillion, six hundred forty-two billion, four hundred two million.

Five years ago, June 5, 1996, the Federal debt stood at \$5,141,670,000,000, five

trillion, one hundred forty-one billion, six hundred seventy million.

Ten years ago, June 5, 1991, the Federal debt stood at \$3,490,594,000,000, three trillion, four hundred ninety billion, five hundred ninety-four million.

Fifteen years ago, June 5, 1986, the Federal debt stood at \$2,053,578,000,000, two trillion, fifty-three billion, five hundred seventy-eight million, which reflects a debt increase of more than \$3.5 trillion, \$3,618,413,683,864.65, three trillion, six hundred eighteen billion, four hundred thirteen million, six hundred eighty-three thousand, eight hundred sixty-four dollars and sixty-five cents during the past 15 years.

## CONGRATULATING DETROIT ON THE TRICENTENNIAL

Mr. DASCHLE. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the Judiciary Committee be discharged from consideration of H. Con. Res. 80 and the Senate then proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection it is so ordered. The clerk will report the concurrent resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows: A concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 80) congratulating the city of Detroit and its residents on the occasion of the tricentennial of the city's founding.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the concurrent resolution.

Mr. DASCHLE. I ask unanimous consent that the concurrent resolution and preamble be agreed to en bloc and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table with no intervening action.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 80) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

MEASURES READ FOR THE FIRST TIME—H.R. 6, H.R. 10, H.R. 586, AND H.R. 622

Mr. DASCHLE. With respect to the following four bills which are at the desk, H.R. 6, H.R. 10, H.R. 586, and H.R. 622, I ask unanimous consent that they be considered as having been read the first time, and I further ask the requests for their second reading be objected to, en bloc.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Under the rule, the bills will receive their second reading on the next legislative day.

# PERMITTING THE USE OF THE ROTUNDA OF THE CAPITOL

Mr. DASCHLE. I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of H. Con. Res. 149, which is at the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the concurrent resolution by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 149) permitting the use of the Rotunda of the Capitol for a ceremony to present post-humously a gold medal on behalf of Congress to Charles M. Shulz.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the concurrent resolution.

Mr. DASCHLE. I ask unanimous consent that the concurrent resolution and preamble be agreed to en bloc, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and any statement relating thereto be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 149) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

### ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

# IN MEMORIAM OF REVEREND DOCTOR LEON HOWARD SULLIVAN

• Mr. SANTORUM. Mr. President, on Sunday, June 30, 2001, family, friends, colleagues, and former parishioners will gather to memorialize Reverend Doctor Leon Howard Sullivan—to celebrate his life, and recognize his accomplishments as one the most outstanding and effective civil and human rights leaders born in the 20th century. I rise today to lend my thoughts and reflections as I was privileged to know Rev. Sullivan, and to have worked with him on initiatives important to Philadelphia, as well on African trade and development issues.

Reverend Sullivan was born into poverty in an unpaved alley in an unpainted clapboard house in Charleston, WV on October 16, 1922. From such humble beginnings began a life's journey that was to last seventy-eight years.

Sullivan was born in a State that practiced "Jim Crow Laws," and while still in grade school, he started in his own way to fight against racial discrimination. By the time he was in the tenth grade, he had sat-in and been told to leave every drug store and eatery where "only whites" were allowed to sit in the city of Charleston, WV. At the age of sixteen, he won a basketball and football scholarship to West Virginia State College.

Sullivan graduated from West Virginia State College at the age of twenty, and at the invitation of the Rev. Adam Clayton Powell, traveled to New York City. He was successful in winning a scholarship to the Union Theological Seminary. Rev. Powell also helped him secure his first job as a coin collector for the Bell Telephone Company. Leon H. Sullivan became the first African-American in the United States to hold that position.

In 1941, at the age of twenty-one, Sullivan was elected President of the March on Washington organized by A. Phillip Randolph, President of the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters,